



DRUGS EDUCATION POLICY REVIEWED May 2015

Signed:
Headteacher: Alison Gibson

Signed:
On behalf of the Governing Body

Proposed Review Date: May 2016

Introduction

This policy reflects our school's mission statement and is based on a search for moral, spiritual, mental and physical well-being.

We aim to equip children with the knowledge, understanding and skills that enable them to make the sort of choices that lead to a healthy lifestyle. Our drugs education programme has the primary objective of helping children to become more confident and responsible young people. We teach children about the dangers to health posed by drug-taking, and we aim to equip them with the social skills that enable them to make informed moral and social decisions in relation to drugs in society.

This policy links to the PSHCE policy, the smoking policy and behaviour policy. It has also been written with reference to the DfES policy 'Drugs: Guidance for Schools'.

Aims and Objectives

The aims and objectives are:

- to help children understand that the word 'drug' refers to alcohol, tobacco, solvents, prescription and non-prescription medicines, and illegal substances.
- to provide children with knowledge and information (relevant to their age and circumstances) about alcohol, tobacco, solvents and illegal drugs and the harmful effects they can have on people's lives;
- to help children understand about the potential hazards associated with medicines and household substances;
- to enable children to discuss moral questions related to drug taking, and so provide a safe environment for young people to share their thoughts and ideas;
- to help children become more self-confident so that they are able to make sensible and informed decisions about their lives;
- to let children know what they should do if they come across drugs, or are aware of other people misusing drugs;
- to help children respect their own bodies and, in so doing, reduce the likelihood that they will be persuaded to become involved in drug abuse;
- to show that taking illegal drugs is a moral issue, and that choices about drugs are moral choices;
- to provide children with the skills to manage 'risky' situations and resist peer pressure;
- to ensure that all children are taught about drugs in a consistent manner, following guidelines that have been agreed by parents, governors and staff.

Organisation

Drugs education is a whole-school issue, and we believe that opportunities to teach about the importance of living a healthy lifestyle occur throughout the curriculum. Class teachers answer questions about drugs sensitively and appropriately, as they occur. Through our PSHCE scheme of work and circle-time sessions, we encourage children to discuss issues that are important to them, and we help children to be aware of the dangers of the misuse of drugs. Children learn what a drug is, and how drugs are used in medicine and should be used safely. We also teach them the difference between legal and illegal drugs.

Drugs education begins in Reception with the importance of being safe with medicines through to the main teaching about drugs in Year 6, where the children are taught about smoking, alcohol and illegal drugs, and the dangers involved to those who take them. In teaching this course we follow the guidelines provided by the LEA, and we receive advice and support from the Local Health Authority as and when appropriate. Lessons that focus on drug education form part of a sequence of lessons that are designed to promote in children a healthy lifestyle.

Drugs education is part of the science curriculum. Support from the school nurse or another health professional will be sought as and when needed. The teaching style that we use encourages children to ask questions and reflect on the dangers to health of drug misuse. Children explore issues, such as why people take drugs, and how they can avoid putting themselves in danger in the future. We give children the opportunity to talk in groups or to the whole class. We encourage them to listen to the views of others, and we ask them to explore why drugs are such a problem for society.

The role of the headteacher

It is the responsibility of the headteacher to ensure that staff and parents are informed about this drugs education policy, and that the policy is implemented effectively. It is also the headteacher's role to ensure that staff are given sufficient training, so that they can teach effectively and handle any difficult issues with sensitivity.

The headteacher will liaise with external agencies regarding the school drugs education programme and ensure that all adults who work with children on these issues are aware of the school policy and work within this framework.

The headteacher will monitor the policy on a day to day basis and report to governors, when requested, on the effectiveness of the policy.

The role of governors

The governing body has the responsibility of setting down these general guidelines on drugs education. The governors will support the headteacher in following these guidelines. Governors will inform and consult with parents about the drugs education policy. Governors will also liaise with the LEA and health organisations so that the school's policy is in line with the best advice available.

The role of parents

The school is well aware that the primary role in children's drugs education lies with parents. We wish to build a positive and supporting relationship with the parents of children at our school through mutual understanding, trust and co-operation. In promoting this objective we will:

- inform parents about the school drugs education policy and practice;
- invite parents to view the materials used to teach drugs education in our school;
- answer any questions parents may have about the drugs education their child receives in school;
- take seriously any issue which parents raise with teachers or governors about this policy or the arrangements for drugs education in the school;
- inform parents about the best practice known with regard to drugs education so that the parents can support the key messages being given to children at school.

Monitoring and review

The curriculum committee of the governing body on an annual basis will monitor the drugs education policy. This committee will report their findings and recommendations to the full governing body as necessary, if the policy appears to need modification. The curriculum committee takes into serious consideration any representation from parents about the drugs education programme and comments will be recorded. Governors require the headteacher to keep a written record detailing the content and delivery of the drug education programme taught in the school.

Review date February 2016